

Are Large Language Models Good Data Preprocessors?

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Motivation and Problem

- High-quality text data is crucial for context dependent tasks
- Image captioning models (BLIP, GIT) often produce noisy captions ullet
- Rule-based cleaning struggles with diverse errors

Question:

Can LLMs reliably clean and improve noisy text?



CLEAN-TEXT FOR NLP

Scope

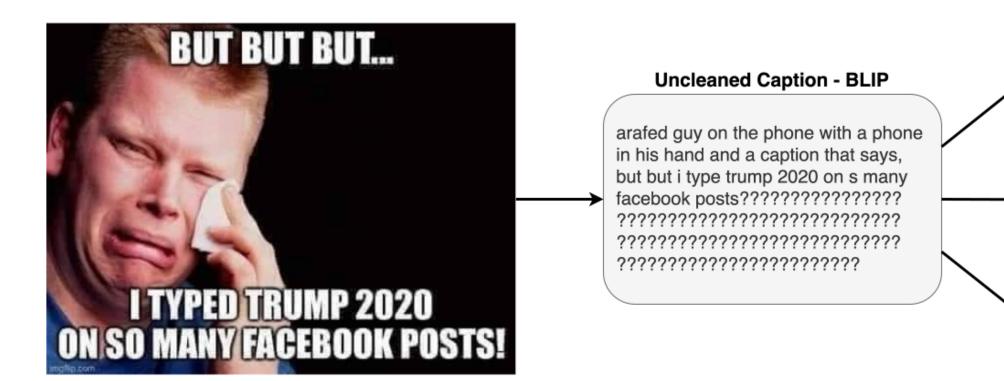
- Aim: Investigating LLMs effectiveness in cleaning text from image captioning models
- Dataset: Multi-label persuasion in memes (SemEval 2024 Task)
- Metric: Heirarchical F1 (order matters)
- **Blip:** a horse with its mouth open



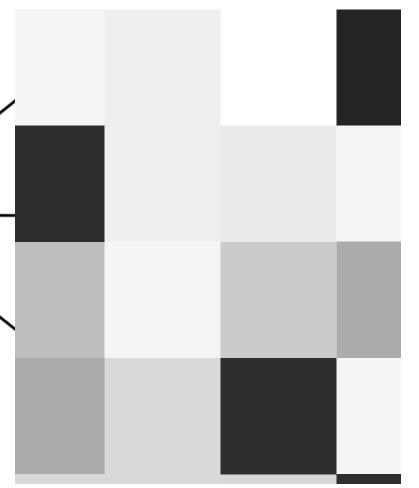




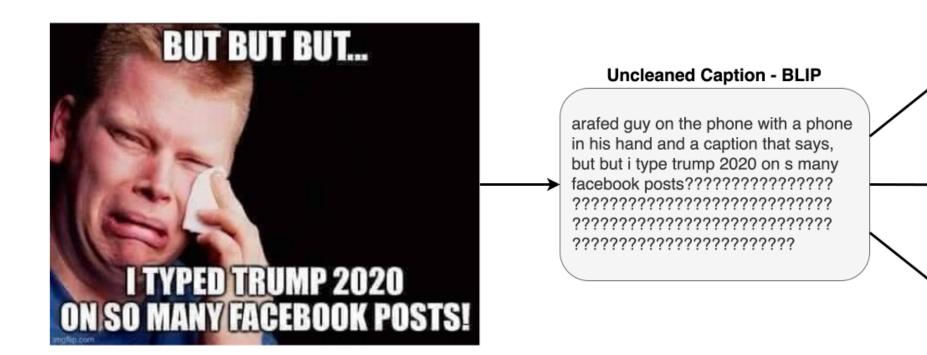
A more realistic output...







LLMs output:



But ... why are they different? Which method is better?



Cleaned Caption - Sonnet 3.5

A frustrated person on the phone with a caption that reads "But I type Trump 2020 on so many Facebook posts"

Cleaned Caption - LLaMA 3.1 70B

A frustrated guy on the phone, with a phone in his hand, and a caption that says, "But I type \'Trump 2020\' on so many Facebook posts."

Cleaned Caption - GPT-4 Turbo

INVALID DESCRIPTION

Coverage statistics:

Model	Set	N	on-empty Caption	1s (#)	Valid Captions (%)				
		Sonnet 3.5	LLaMA 3.1 70B	GPT-4 Turbo	Sonnet 3.5	LLaMA 3.1 70B	GPT-4 Turbo		
BLIP	Train	6293	6993	4844	89.9%	99.9%	69.2%		
	Dev	898	998	726	89.8%	99.8%	72.6%		
	Test	895	1000	718	89.5%	100.0%	71.8%		
GIT	Train	5075	6755	4872	72.5%	96.5%	69.6%		
	Dev	676	958	698	67.6%	95.8%	69.8%		
	Test	697	976	700	69.7%	97.6%	70.0%		

Table 1: Caption Coverage Statistics for BLIP and GIT Models Using Sonnet 3.5, LLaMA 3.1 70B, and GPT-4 Turbo

GPT: conservative

LLaMA: loose

Sonnet: moderate



Experimental Setup:

Data:

Meme text, Meme Caption, Meme Caption Cleaned

Downstream model:

Google T5 (seq2seq, suits hierarchical labels). ADD EXAMPLE meme

Baseline:

meme text only

Comparisons:

uncleaned vs IIm-cleaned captions



Results:

LLM	Set	Precision	Recall	F1	LLM	Set	Precision	Recall	F1
Baseline (No Caption)	Dev	73.95	56.72	64.20	Baseline (No Caption)	Dev	73.95	56.72	64.20
· • •	Test	67.84	47.35	55.77		Test	67.84	47.35	55.77
Uncleaned Caption	Dev	75.83	56.52	64.77	Uncleaned Caption	Dev	73.35	57.62	64.54
-	Test	68.47	49.03	57.14		Test	67.66	46.43	55.07
Sonnet 3.5	Dev	74.83	58.69	65.78	Sonnet 3.5	Dev	74.04	58.40	65.30
	Test	65.65	50.75	57.25		Test	65.35	52.83	58.43
LLaMA 70B	Dev	73.35	57.94	64.74	LLaMA 70B	Dev	73.33	58.98	65.37
	Test	67.66	52.11	58.87		Test	67.71	51.79	58.69
GPT-4 Turbo	Dev	74.76	58.83	65.85	GPT-4 Turbo	Dev	71.60	61.29	66.04
	Test	69.82	49.55	57.96		Test	68.71	50.79	58.41

Blip



GIT

Insights

- Only one comparison showed a stat significant improvement
- GPT-4 is stricter (discards more, but cleaning more effectively)
- LLaMA retains most captions but may be permissive
- LLMs can modestly improve text quality for complex tasks
- Effect varies by LLM and source of noise



Is it Worth it?

